The Abraham Initiatives, Inc.

Financial Statements

December 31, 2021 and 2020

CONTENTS

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
The Abraham Initiatives, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Abraham Initiatives, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Abraham Initiatives, Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Abraham Initiatives, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Abraham Initiatives, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Abraham Initiatives, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Abraham Initiatives, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

sgc & associates llp

Great Neck, New York
September 20, 2022

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc
STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	$ 300,097	$ 276,665
Cash - revolving reserve fund	650,000	650,000
Contributions receivable	59,746	-
Certificate of deposit	-	10,463
Investments, at fair value	76,753	69,630
Total current assets	1,086,596	1,006,758
Other assets	5,450	4,260
Total assets	$ 1,092,046	$ 1,011,018
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	$ 21,413	$ 17,408
Debt	32,695	32,695
Total current liabilities	54,108	50,103
Total liabilities	54,108	50,103
Commitments		
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions	301,543	247,891
With donor restrictions	736,395	713,024
Total net assets	1,037,938	960,915
Total liabilities and net assets	$ 1,092,046	$ 1,011,018

See Notes to Financial Statements

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc
STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021			2020		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Operating activities						
Contributions	$ 904,273	$ 422,651	$ 1,326,924	$ 907,821	$ 609,010	$ 1,516,831
Net assets released from restrictions	422,651	(422,651)	-	610,500	(610,500)	-
Total Revenue and Support	1,326,924	-	1,326,924	1,518,321	(1,490)	1,516,831
Expenses						
Programs	1,152,260	-	1,152,260	1,315,865	-	1,315,865
Fundraising	69,076	-	69,076	79,642	-	79,642
Management and general	84,884	-	84,884	57,842	-	57,842
Total Expenses	1,306,220	-	1,306,220	1,453,349	-	1,453,349
Change in net assets from operating activities	20,704	-	20,704	64,972	(1,490)	63,482
Nonoperating activities						
Interest and dividends	254	2,118	2,372	129	-	129
Realized and unrealized gains (losses), net	-	21,253	21,253	-	3,457	3,457
Gain on debt forgiveness	32,695	-	32,695	-	-	-
Change in net assets from nonoperating activities	32,949	23,371	56,320	129	3,457	3,586
Change in net assets	53,653	23,371	77,024	65,101	1,967	67,068
Net assets, beginning of year	247,891	713,024	960,915	182,790	711,057	893,847
Net assets, end of year	$ 301,543	$ 736,395	$ 1,037,938	$ 247,891 $	$ 713,024	$ 960,915

See Notes to Financial Statements

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	2021					
	Program Activities		Supporting Activities			
	Program	Total Program	Management & General	Fund-raising	Supporting Subtotal	Total Expenses
Grants to the Abraham Fund Israel	$ 1,014,000	$ 1,014,000	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 1,014,000
Other grants	1,500	1,500	-	-	-	1,500
Salaries and benefits	119,995	119,995	51,998	27,998	79,996	199,991
Professional fees	-	-	27,347	-	27,347	27,347
Outreach and promotion	-	-	-	34,504	34,504	34,504
Trainings and conferences	598	598	149	1,185	1,334	1,932
Office expenses	2,043	2,043	681	681	1,362	3,405
Telephone and communications	844	844	282	281	563	1,407
Occupancy costs	10,564	10,564	3,521	3,522	7,043	17,607
Insurance	2,716	2,716	906	905	1,811	4,527
	$ 1,152,260	$ 1,152,260	$ 84,884	$ 69,076	$ 153,960	$ 1,306,220

See Notes to Financial Statements

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020					
	Program Activities		Supporting Activities			
	Program	Total Program	Management & General	Fund-raising	Supporting Subtotal	Total Expenses
Grants to the Abraham Fund Israel	$ 1,079,000	$ 1,079,000	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 1,079,000
Other grants	105,000	105,000	-	-	-	105,000
Salaries and benefits	105,067	105,067	45,529	24,516	70,045	175,112
Professional fees	-	-	25,180	-	25,180	25,180
Outreach and promotion	-	-	-	21,426	21,426	21,426
Trainings and conferences	-	-	-	2,970	2,970	2,970
Office expenses	7,400	7,400	2,467	2,466	4,933	12,333
Telephone and communications	1,206	1,206	402	402	804	2,010
Occupancy costs	13,166	13,166	4,389	4,388	8,777	21,943
Insurance	2,321	2,321	774	773	1,547	3,868
Travel and meetings	2,705	2,705	901	901	1,802	4,507
	$ 1,315,865	$ 1,315,865	$ 79,642	$ 57,842	$ 137,484	$ 1,453,349

See Notes to Financial Statements

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	$ 77,024	$ 67,068
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Proceeds from donated securities	(26,513)	(6,010)
Gain on debt forgiveness	(32,695)	-
Unrealized losses	(1,332)	(823)
Net dividends reinvested	(2,118)	(1,973)
Change in contributions receivable	(59,746)	-
Change in certificate of deposit	10,463	(129)
Change in other assets	(1,190)	150
Change in accrued expenses, and other current liabilities	4,005	(308)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(32,102)	57,975
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest	254	-
Realized gains	22,585	-
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	22,839	-
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from debt	32,695	32,695
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	32,695	32,695
Increase (decrease) in cash	23,432	90,670
Cash, Beginning of year	926,665	835,995
Cash, End of year	$ 950,097	$ 926,665

See Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization and Purpose

The Abraham Initiatives, Inc. (the Organization) is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware on November 15, 1989.

The Organization's focus is on building an equal and shared society in Israel. Named for the common ancestor of both Jews and Arabs, the Organization advances a cohesive, secure, and just Israeli society by promoting policies based on innovative social models, and by conducting large-scale social change initiatives, advocacy, and public education. The Organization provides funding for Keren Avraham. Karen Avraham is an Israeli not-for-profit organization.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation: The Organization's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with accounting standards set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The FASB sets generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to ensure financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows are consistently reported. References to GAAP issued by the FASB in these footnotes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC).

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Financial statement presentation: The financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) "Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations" (the "Guide"). (ASC) 958-205 was effective January 1, 2018.

Under the provisions of the Guide, net assets and revenues, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Organization. The Organization's board may designate assets without restrictions for specific operational purposes from time to time.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial statement presentation (Continued): Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Investments and Fair Value Measurements: Investments are presented in the financial statements at fair value. Donated investments are initially recorded at fair value at the date of the donation. Gains and losses arising from the sale, maturity or other disposition of investments are accounted for on a specific identification basis calculated as of the trade-date. Dividends, unrealized gains and losses and net realized gains and losses are recognized and included in net investment income (loss) on the accompanying statements of activities. Dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Purchases and sales are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The estimates of fair value are based on the framework established in the fair value measurements and disclosures accounting guidance. The framework is based on the inputs used in valuation and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the fair value accounting guidance includes a hierarchy based on whether significant valuation inputs are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest priority is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs that reflect the Organization's significant market assumptions.

The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities traded in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for substantially the full period for the asset or liability and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable for the asset or liability and are significant to the fair value measurement.

Measure of Operations: The statements of activities reports all changes in net assets, including changes in net assets from operating and non-operating activities. Operating activities consist of those items attributable to the Organization’s ongoing activities. Non-operating activities are limited to resources that generate return from investments, and other activities considered to be of a more unusual or nonrecurring nature.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Market Risk: The Organization's investments are exposed to various risks, such as fluctuations in fair value and credit risk. Thus, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these risks in the near term could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position.

Property and equipment: Property and equipment are recorded at cost on the date of acquisition or at fair value on the date of donation. Expenditures for major renewals and improvements are capitalized while expenditures for maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the related assets:

Description	Years
Computers and equipment	5
Furniture	5-10

Costs associated with on-going projects are accumulated as construction in progress until completion. The completed asset is then reclassified to property and equipment and depreciated over its estimated useful life once placed in service.

Depreciation expense on fixed assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was $0 and $0, respectively.

Contributions receivable: Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Contributions receivable that are expected to be collected in one year or more are recorded at the net present value of the estimated future cash flows of the outstanding principal balance, using credit-adjusted interest rates. Amortization of the discount is included in contributions revenue. An allowance for doubtful contributions, if any, is provided by management based on the Organization's experience with the donors and their ability to pay. Contributions receivable amounted to $59,746 and $0 at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue recognition: Unconditional contributions are recognized when pledged and recorded as net assets without donor restrictions or net assets with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor-imposed restrictions. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Gifts of cash and other assets are reported with donor restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

When a restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as net assets without donor restriction support. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as support at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of land, buildings, and equipment are reported as net assets without donor restriction upon acquisition of the assets and the assets are placed in service.

Liquidity: In order to provide information about liquidity, assets are sequenced according to their nearness of conversion to cash and liabilities to their estimated maturity.

Grants expenses: Grants are recorded as expenses when they are approved by the Organization's board of directors and the grantees are identified. Grants payable are amounts committed but not yet disbursed at year-end.

Grants to Israel Affiliate: As of November 13, 2014, when the amended by-laws were adopted, the purpose of the Organization is to provide general operating support for the work of Amuta, the Israeli registered name of Keren Avraham. "Keren Avraham is an Israeli not-for-profit organization with a mission to fulfill the promise of full and equal citizenship and complete equality of social and political rights for Israel's Jewish and Arab citizens, as embodied in Israel's Declaration of Independence."

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Functional Expenses: The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among program services and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

The expenses that are allocated include the following:

Expense	Method of Allocation
Programs	Time and Effort
Salaries and benefits	Time and Effort
Professional fees	Time and Effort
Outreach and promotion	Time and Effort
Trainings and conferences	Time and Effort
Office expenses	Time and Effort
Phone and communications	Usage
Occupancy costs	Square Footage
Insurance	Usage
Travel and meetings	Time and Effort

Contributed Services: Contributed services are recognized if the services received either create or enhance long-lived assets, or require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation.

All members of the Board of Directors are unpaid and have made significant contribution of their time to develop the Organization's programs and assist in their administration. Since the services do not meet the criteria for recognition, the value of contributed time has not been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Tax status: The Organization is a not-for-profit organization generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Organization follows FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes", which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes by prescribing the recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. It also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. Management believes that the Organization has no material uncertainties in income taxes. The Organization is no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. Federal, State, or Local tax authorities for years before 2018.

The Organization will account for interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, as part of tax expense.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

New accounting pronouncements: In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This new standard introduced a new lease model that required the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and the disclosure of key information about leasing arrangements. While this new standard retained most of the principles of the existing lessor model under U.S. GAAP, it aligns many of those principles with ASC 606: Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The new guidance was to be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019 (i.e., calendar periods beginning on January 1, 2020), and interim periods thereafter. However, in response to the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-05, which provides a deferral of the effective dates of ASC 842, Leases. ASU 2020-05 delays the effective date of ASC 842 for all privately held organizations to fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022. The Organization is currently assessing the impact of adopting this new guidance on the financial statements.

In September 2020, The FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2020-07, Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets. The purpose of the ASU 2020-07 is to clarify the presentation and disclosure of contributed nonfinancial assets with an intention to provide the reader of the financial statements a clearer understanding of what type of nonfinancial assets were received and how they are used and recognized by the Not-for-Profit. It is important to note that the ASU 2020-07 will not change the accounting and recognition of nonfinancial assets but rather the presentation and disclosure requirements in the financial statements. The presentation and disclosure requirements of the ASU is to present the contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line item in the statement of activities, apart from contributions of cash and other financial assets, and to disclose the disaggregation of the amount of contributed nonfinancial assets recognized within the statement of activities by category that depicts the type of contributed nonfinancial assets. These requirements provide the reader of the financial statements additional information to enhance their understanding including how the contributed nonfinancial assets are being used in their program services or supporting activities as opposed to being liquidated, any restriction placed on the assets, and methodologies and determination of fair values. The new guidance should be applied on a retrospective basis and effective for annual periods beginning after June 15, 2021, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after June 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted. The Organization is currently assessing the impact of adopting this new guidance on the financial statements.

Subsequent Events Evaluation: The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through September 20, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3. Investments

The following table is a summary of the Organization's investments, at fair value as of December 31, 2021 and 2020:

	2021		2020	
	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Money market funds	$ 34,051	$ 34,051	$ 22,340	$ 22,340
Mutual funds	40,571	36,000	36,868	36,000
Common stock	2,131	75	10,422	726
	$ 76,753	$ 70,126	$ 69,630	$ 59,066

Net investment income for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

	2021	2020
Interest and dividends	$ 2,118	$ 1,973
Realized and unrealized gains (losses), net	21,253	835
Investment expenses	-	(12)
Net investment income	$ 23,371	$ 2,796

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements

The Organization used the following methods and significant assumptions to estimate fair value for assets recorded at fair value:

Money Market Funds: Money market Organizations are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued based on quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Mutual Funds: Valued at the daily closing price as reported by the Organization. Mutual Organizations held by the Organization are open-end mutual Organizations that are registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These Organizations are required to publish their daily net asset value and to transact at that price. The mutual Organizations held by the Organization are deemed to be actively traded. Because the mutual Organizations are actively traded, they are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Common Stock: Common stock is classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy and is valued using quoted market prices. Securities listed on national exchanges are principally valued at the regular trading session closing price on the exchange or market in which these securities are principally traded on the last business day of each period presented.

The following table is a summary of the investments measured at fair value within the GAAP fair value hierarchy on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2021. These are presented on a desegregated basis by class, determined by nature and risk associated with each investment:

December 31, 2021

	Level 1 Active Markets for Identical Assets	Level 2 Other Observable Inputs	Level 3 Significant Unobservable Assets	Total
Investments Measured at Fair Value Subject to Fair Value Leveling :				
Money market funds	$ 34,051	$ -	$ -	$ 34,051
Mutual funds:				
Income funds	40,571	-	-	40,571
Common stock	2,131	-	-	2,131
Total investments in the fair value hierarchy measured at fair value	$ 76,753	$ -	$ -	$ 76,753

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The following table is a summary of the investments measured at fair value within the GAAP fair value hierarchy on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2020. These are presented on a desegregated basis by class, determined by nature and risk associated with each investment:

December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	Active Markets for Identical Assets	Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Assets	Total
Investments Measured at Fair Value Subject to Fair Value Leveling :				
Money market funds	$ 22,340	$ -	$ -	$ 22,340
Mutual funds:				
Income funds	36,868	-	-	36,868
Common stock	10,422	-	-	10,422
Total investments in the fair value hierarchy measured at fair value	$ 69,630	$ -	$ -	$ 69,630

The Organization recognizes transfers into and out of levels within the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between levels during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Management routinely assesses the financial strengths of its investment portfolio and believes there is no significant concentration of risk or credit exposure.

Note 5. Program and Supporting Activities

The following program and supporting activities are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Programs</u>:

The central activity of The Organization's focus is on building an equal and shared society in Israel. Named for the common ancestor of both Jews and Arabs, the Organization advances a cohesive, secure, and just Israeli society by promoting policies based on innovative social models, and by conducting large-scale social change initiatives, advocacy, and public education.

Note 5. Program and Supporting Activities (Continued)

Management and General:

Includes the functions necessary to ensure an adequate working environment; provide coordination and articulation of the Organization's program strategy; secure proper administrative functioning of the Board of Directors; maintain competent legal services for the program administration; and manage the financial and budgetary responsibilities of the Organization.

Fund-Raising:

Provides the structure necessary to encourage and secure financial support from individuals, foundations, and corporations for the Organization's programs.

Note 6. Debt

On April 17, 2020, the Organization received loan proceeds in the amount of $32,695 under the Paycheck Protection Program ("PPP") as a 1st draw PPP loan. Established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the PPP provided loans to qualifying businesses in amounts up to 2.5 times the business's average monthly payroll expenses. PPP loans and accrued interest were forgivable after a "covered period" (eight or 24 weeks) as long as the borrower maintained its payroll levels and used the loan proceeds for eligible purposes, including payroll, benefits, rent, and utilities. The forgiveness amount was to be reduced if the borrower terminated employees or reduced salaries during the covered period. Any unforgiven portion of a PPP loan was payable over two or five years at an interest rate of 1%, with a deferral of payments for 10 months after then end of the covered period. The Organization used the PPP loan proceeds of the 1st draw PPP loan for purposes consistent with the PPP, applied for forgiveness, and was granted full forgiveness on March 3, 2021. The Organization recorded the forgiveness when the loan obligation was legally released on March 3, 2021. Interest on the forgiven PPP loan was immaterial and was not recorded by the Organization when it received 100% loan forgiveness on March 3, 2021. The loan forgiveness of $32,695 is shown as gain on debt forgiveness in the accompanying statements of activities.

On April 23, 2021, the Organization received loan proceeds in the amount of $32,695 under the PPP as a 2nd draw PPP loan. The Organization used the PPP loan proceeds of the 2nd draw PPP loan for purposes consistent with the PPP and applied for forgiveness, and was granted full forgiveness on January 14, 2022. The Organization recorded the forgiveness when the loan obligation was legally released on January 14, 2022. Interest on the forgiven PPP loan was immaterial and was not recorded by the Organization when it received 100% loan forgiveness on January 14, 2022.

Note 7. Grants Payable

As part of its program activities, the Organization may make periodic grants to qualifying not-for-profit organizations in Israel that support the mission and meet the grants criteria of the Organization. There were no grants unpaid at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 8. Revolving Reserve Funds

The Organization has a revolving reserve fund to serve as an internal line of credit. The revolving reserve fund is comprised of donor restricted funds totaling $500,000 received by a donor and board designated funds totaling $150,000. The donor restricted funds and board designated funds designated for the revolving reserve fund totaled $650,000 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Note 9. Net assets with donor restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions, consisted of the following at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	2021	2020
Conflict resolution scholarship	$ 8,038	$ 8,038
Other restricted	78,357	54,986
Revolving reserve fund	650,000	650,000
	$ 736,395	$ 713,024

Other restricted net assets of $78,357 and $54,986 at December 31, 2021 and 2020 consist of the principal portion of the investments designated for university scholarships in Israel (Conflict Resolution Scholarships). Investment returns from these investments are required to be accumulated, and are available for scholarships.

Net assets released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of events specified by the donor were as follows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020:

Note 9. Net assets with donor restrictions (Continued)

	2021	2020
Safe Communities	$ 200,000	$ 212,500
Education Department	-	100,000
Shared Learning	53,000	63,000
Emergency Campaign	109,401	-
IATF Membership	1,000	5,000
Spoken Arabic	750	-
MK Research	5,000	-
ALLMEP Membership	3,500	-
Living in One Land	-	80,000
Shared Cities	50,000	50,000
The Abraham Initiatives Endowment Fund	-	100,000
	$ 422,651	$ 610,500

Note 10. Net Assets – Endowment Funds

The Organization’s endowment consists of donor-restricted endowment funds which are designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowment. The Organization is subject to the New York Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (NYPMIFA) and, thus, classifies amounts in its donor-restricted endowment funds as net assets with donor restrictions because those net assets are time restricted until the Board of Directors appropriates such amounts for expenditure. Most of those net assets also are subject to purpose restrictions that must be met before reclassifying those net assets to net assets without donor restrictions. The Board of Directors has interpreted NYPMIFA as not requiring the maintenance of purchasing power of the original gift amount contributed to the endowment fund unless a donor stipulates to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, when reviewing its donor-restricted endowment funds, the Organization considers a fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of (a) the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts donated to the fund, and (b) any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. The Organization has interpreted NYPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with the prudent measures required under the law.

Note 10. Net Assets – Endowment Funds (Continued)

Additionally, in accordance with NYPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

1) The duration and preservation of the fund
2) The purpose of the Organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
3) General economic conditions
4) The possible effect of inflation or deflation
5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
6) Other resources of the Organization
7) The investment policies of the Organization.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Organization has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Organization must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specific period(s). Under these policies, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce a real return net of inflation, spending distributions and administrative fees each year.

The objectives of the Organization’s investment portfolio are the enhancement of capital and real purchasing power while limiting exposure to risk of loss. Real purchasing power or real rate of return will be defined as returns in excess of inflation as defined by the Consumer Price Index – Urban (CPI-U). At a minimum, long-term rates of return should be equal to an amount sufficient to maintain the purchasing power of the assets while providing the necessary capital to fund the annual spending policy plus administrative fees.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Organization relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Organization targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term objectives within prudent risk constraints. The assets are invested for the long term and higher short-term volatility in these assets is to be expected and accepted.

Note 10. Net Assets – Endowment Funds (Continued)

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The funds spending distributions are made to participating funds based on their pro-rata share of the total of all participating funds. In establishing this policy, the Organization considered the long-term expected return on its endowment and the Organization's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment returns.

Changes in endowment net assets for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	With Donor Restrictions	
	2021	2020
Endowment net assets at January 1	$ 63,024	$ 61,057
Investment income	23,371	1,967
Endowment net assets at December 31	$ 86,395	$ 63,024

As of December 31, 2021, and 2020, the endowment is comprised of:

Investments	$ 76,753	$ 63,024
Cash	9,642	-
	$ 86,395	$ 63,024

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or NYSPMIFA requires the Organization to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. There was no deficiency of this nature as of December 31, 2021 and 2020. The Organization has a policy that permits spending underwater endowment funds depending on the degree to which the fund is underwater, unless otherwise precluded by donor intent or relevant laws and regulations.

Note 11. Liquidity

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the statement of financial position date for general expenditure are as follows:

	2021	2020
Cash	$ 290,455	$ 276,665
Certificate of deposit	-	10,463
	$ 290,455	$ 287,128

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, the Organization invests cash available in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments.

Financial assets have been reduced by amounts not available for general use because of donor imposed restrictions within one year of the balance sheet date and amounts set aside for long-term investing in endowments.

Endowment funds consist of donor-restricted endowments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes and, therefore, is not available for general expenditure.

Note 12. Commitments

The Organization entered into a month-to-month lease for office space in New York effective July 1, 2018 for a monthly rent of $3,300 per month. The rent is subject to an automatic 3% increase of the previous year's rent on each anniversary of the start date.

Rent expense amounted to approximately $18,000 and $22,000 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization received a rent discount due to the coronavirus outbreak.

Note 13. 403(b) Pension Plan - United States

The Organization has a defined contribution employee benefit plan for all eligible employees in the United States. Employees must have completed one year of service unless the employee was coming to the Organization from another not-for-profit organization. Participants may elect to defer up to 25% of their annual compensation, subject to limitations as provided in the Internal Revenue Code. The Organization contributed 5% of the participants' annual compensation during years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, which can be adjusted on a yearly basis pending approval by the board. Participants vest fully in the employer's contribution immediately. The Organization made retirement contributions totaling $7,264 and $6,644 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Note 14. Concentrations

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to a concentration of credit risk are cash accounts with major financial institutions which from time to time are in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits.

At December 31, 2021, all cash accounts were held at one bank. This bank has a strong credit rating and management believes that credit risk related to these accounts is minimal. At December 31, 2020, all cash accounts were held at two banks. Both the banks had a strong credit rating and management believed that credit risk related to these accounts were minimal.

Contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021 included $200,000 and $150,000 from two foundations. Contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020 included $200,000 and $200,000 from two foundations.